

Artificial Intelligence & Analytics:

The Realities and Misconceptions Regarding Two Essential Tools for the Insurance Industry



Introductions

- ► Patrick O'Neill President & Founder, Redhand Advisors
- ▶ Dr. Catherine Havasi, Chief Technologist at RT8 Analytics
- ► John Carolan, Senior Vice President of Business Development, Spear Technologies
- ▶ Jose Tribuzio, President of Technology, Spear Technologies



Webinar Outline

- 1. Understanding Artificial Intelligence and Generative AI
- 2. Dispelling Myths About Al
- 3. Unraveling the Power of Analytics
- 4. Debunking Analytics Myths
- 5. Al and Analytics Business Applications



Al Unveiled: Generative Al, Data Science, and Regulated Industries

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What is Generative Al & How does it work?

Two technologies drive advancement

- ▶ **Generative AI** refers to a category of artificial intelligence technologies capable of creating content. This can include text, images, audio, and video that appear as though they have been created by humans.
- ► Foundation models underlie generative AI. They are a type of large-scale machine learning model that is trained on vast amounts of data from a wide range of sources to develop a broad understanding of the world.



What are its strengths and weaknesses?

- Generative AI can create realistic videos, text, and images
- Knows things from a particular point in time and needs to be extended to understand domain specific or current knowledge.
- Needs clear and well-crafted instructions a "prompt" to do its job
- It can create biased text or be tricked by patterns in its input data
- The best way to try these out is to experiment with them yourself. Go to bing.com and click the "copilot" icon



Fundamentally a pattern recognition engine

- Trained on large corpora of publicly available information
- The system finds features or "things to pay attention to" in the data and projects those forward.
- Optimized to reduce error in training
- Systems can learn about specific tasks or focus areas through a process called "fine tuning"



But GenAl isn't magic!

- Generative AI is a tool for certain tasks and it has issues and weaknesses
- While AI can automate certain tasks, it is primarily a tool to enhance human capabilities rather than replace them.
- Human oversight is key especially in a regulated environment
- Al can reflect bias in training data or historical bias in data sets.
- Think about explainability in situations where accuracy and fairness are needed



Data analytics in regulated industries

- Data analytics is critical in the insurance sector today
- Uses include:
 - Risk management
 - Fraud detection
 - Regulatory compliance
 - Personalizing customer service
- Data analytics can help professionals make more informed decisions and can make many tasks more efficient.



Debunking Analytics Myths

- Doesn't always require vast amounts of information or skilled ML/IT professionals
- Once systems are set up, can be maintained in a nontechnical manner
- Tools available are specialized to the insurance sector and can be used by employees without extensive technical backgrounds



Gen AI & Data Analytics for Insurance

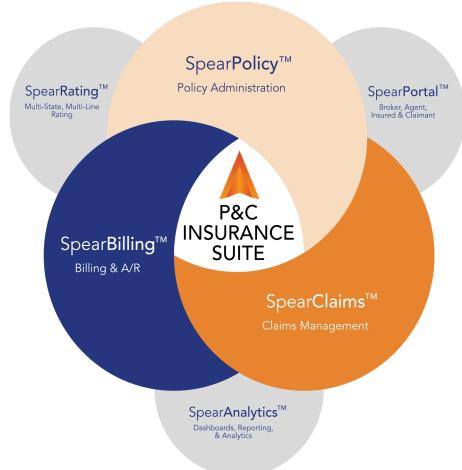
- We'll see these two technologies used together to build applications
- Generative AI + data analytics can:
 - Create a superpowered assistant to help analytics process information faster and streamline workflows
 - Find deeper patterns in information and quickly write connectors that combine data sets
- Finding new KPIs that can evaluate and monitor is driving much of the value add from new AI technologies in large firms



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Panel Discussion & Questions



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